VICTORY ULTRA SHORT-TERM BOND FUND QUARTERLY COMMENTARY





As of December 31, 2023

Executive Summary

Fixed income concluded 2023 with a bang! Fourth quarter inflation reports trended lower, and as the Federal Reserve (the Fed) kept rates stable the market regained confidence after a frustrating third quarter. Positive performance was driven by a downward swing in the Treasury curve, pushing yields down. Against this backdrop, the Victory Ultra Short-Term Bond Fund (Institutional Shares) outperformed its benchmark, the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Bellwethers 3-Month Index, for the quarter ended December 31, 2023. See next page for other share classes.

Market Update & Commentary

Shifts in monetary policy expectations defined the fourth quarter of 2023, leading to a sense of optimism going into 2024. Unemployment slid to 3.7%, and the Consumer Confidence Index rose in December to highs not seen since 2021. All these factors, taken together, fostered greater investor confidence in a softlanding narrative.

The Consumer Price Index, a popular measure of prices paid (and, thus, inflation), declined to 3.1% from 3.7% during the fourth quarter, indicating that the Fed continues to inch toward its target of 2% inflation. As a result of moderating inflation and a resilient economy, the Fed held rates steady during its meetings during the quarter. These factors led to positive returns within the fixed income market, with November turning out to be the best month for bonds since the 1980s. The remarkable returns can largely be attributed to the downward shift seen in Treasury yields from the 10-year Treasury's peak of 5% in October. This historic rally continued through December and was sufficient to swing fixed income's performance for the full calendar year to the black for the first time since 2020. While the dramatic shifts along the yield curve observed during the fourth guarter might give investors pause when considering fixed income, current yields still present a historically attractive opportunity, even if not at October's high of 5%.

Market expectations for rate cuts in 2024 steadily increased throughout 4Q23 on the Fed's decision to pause and a belief that the hiking cycle has reached completion. Many market participants believe rate cuts are coming soon, and this confidence was an important factor in the positive momentum that drove fixed income and equities higher. At the beginning of the quarter the market priced in two to three 25-basis-point* cuts in 2024, but the quarter ended with interest rate traders pricing federal funds futures for nearly seven cuts. Victory Income Investors, though, believes that the Fed remains data dependent, as it was reiterated at the December Federal Open Market Committee meeting that future monetary policy decisions will hinge on seeing "further evidence to build confidence that inflation is moving down sustainably." Chairman Powell also emphasized the Committee's meeting-bymeeting decision process in his reminder that should economic circumstances change, keeping rates higher for longer is not off the table entirely.

	Yield		Returns (%)									
	(%)	12/31/2023	9/30/2023	Δ (+/-)	ЗМ	1YR						
Investment Grade (Moody's Ratings)												
U.S. Treasury	4.1	-	-	-	5.7	4.1						
U.S. Aggregate	4.5	42	52	-10	6.8	5.5						
U.S. Credit	5.0	93	111	-19	8.2	8.2						
Corporate	5.1	98	120	-22	8.5	8.5						
Aa	4.6	47	57	-10	8.3	7.0						
А	4.9	84	105	-20	8.2	7.7						
Ваа	5.3	121	146	-25	8.8	9.5						
Crossover	6.0	183	235	-52	8.0	11.2						
High Yield (Moody's Ratings)												
U.S. Corporate High Yield	7.8	323	395	-72	7.2	13.4						
Ва	6.4	201	265	-64	7.4	11.6						
В	7.7	317	396	-79	7.0	13.8						
Caa	12.6	751	846	-94	6.9	19.8						
Ca-D	19.5	1,173	1,145	-271	5.1	16.4						
Structured Product												
U.S. MBS	4.7	46	66	-20	7.5	5.0						
ABS	5.0	68	66	+2	3.5	5.5						
CMBS	5.3	126	131	-5	5.2	5.4						

Source: Bloomberg

Credit spreads tightened across fixed income asset classes apart from asset-backed securities (ABS) in the fourth quarter. Tighter credit spreads indicate lower compensation for taking on additional risk. Fixed income outperformed in the fourth quarter, driven by a falling yield curve. The decline was sufficient to swing full-year returns in the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index to +5.5% when the index had concluded the first nine months of 2023 at -2.1%.

*A basis point is 1/100th of a percentage point.

Portfolio Performance & Positioning

During the quarter, we increased our allocation to asset-backed securities, Treasuries, government agency bonds, and mortgage-backed securities, while reducing exposure to corporate bonds, commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), cash, and bank loans.

Contributors

- Best performers were banking, auto asset-backed securities,
 finance companies, and CMBS.
- From a credit rating perspective, our allocation to BB and BBB bonds provided the best performance.

- · Allocation and security selection added to performance.
- Despite the inverted yield curve, duration added to performance as rates rallied across the curve.

Detractors

- Sectors that detracted from performance included building materials and paper.
- From a credit rating perspective, while AAA bonds performed the worst, they did have a positive return.

Standardized Performance: December 31, 2023

Average Annual Returns (%)

Victory Ultra Short-Term Bond Fund	Ticker	Inception Date	Q4 2023	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception	Expense Ratio	
								Gross	Net
Fund Shares	UUSTX	10/18/10	2.13	6.45	2.72	1.92	1.90	0.65	0.65
A Shares, without sales charge	USBAX	06/29/20	2.06	6.17	_	_	2.49	11.77	0.92
A Shares, with sales charge (max. 0.00%)	USBAX	06/29/20	_	_	_	_	-	11.77	0.92
Institutional Shares	UUSIX	07/12/13	2.14	6.53	2.78	1.95	1.95	0.57	0.57
R6 Shares	URUSX	03/01/17	2.18	6.68	2.94	-	2.58	0.82	0.44
Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Bellwethers 3-Month Index	_	-	1.39	5.15	1.92	1.28	-	-	_
FTSE 3-Month U.S. T-Bill Index	_	_	1.41	5.26	1.91	1.26	_	_	_

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The performance quoted represents past performance and current performance may be lower or higher. The investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. To obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end, visit www.vcm.com. Returns include reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Performance for periods greater than one year is annualized. Fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements were in place for some or all periods shown, without which Fund performance would have been lower. Net expense ratio reflects the contractual waiver and/or reimbursement of management fees through August 31, 2024.

Carefully consider a fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. To obtain a prospectus or summary prospectus containing this and other important information, visit www.vcm.com/prospectus. Read it carefully before investing.

Not all share classes are available to all investors.

All investing involves risk, including the potential loss of principal. In addition to the normal risks associated with investing, fixed income securities are subject to interest rate, inflation, credit and default risk. The bond market is volatile. Bonds and bond funds will decrease in value as interest rates rise and vice versa. Credit risk refers to the possibility that debt issuers may not be able to make principal and interest payments or may have their debt downgraded by ratings agencies. High yield securities may be more volatile, be subject to greater levels of credit or default risk, and may be less liquid and more difficult to sell at an advantageous time or price than higher-rated securities of similar maturity. The Fund is also subject to liquidity risk, which is the risk that the Adviser may not be able to sell a security at an advantageous time or price, which may adversely affect the Fund. The value of your investment is also subject to geopolitical risks such as wars, terrorism, environmental disasters, and public health crises; the risk of technology malfunctions or disruptions; and the responses to such events by governments and/or individual companies.

The opinions are as of the date noted and are subject to change at any time due to changes in market or economic conditions. The comments should not be construed as a recommendation of individual holdings or market sectors, but as an illustration of broader themes.

Consumer Price Index (CPI), a popular measure of inflation and deflation calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, measures the monthly change in prices paid by U.S. consumers. The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index measures the investment grade, USD-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS, ABS and CMBS.

The Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Bellwethers 3-Month Index represents the on-the-run (most recently auctioned) U.S. Treasury bill with 3 months' maturity. The FTSE 3-Month U.S. T-Bill Index measures monthly return equivalents of yield averages that are not marked to market, consisting of the last three 3-month Treasury bill issues.

Index returns are for illustrative purposes only and do not represent actual Fund performance. Index performance does not reflect management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

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The LSEG Lipper Fund Awards, granted annually, highlight funds and fund companies that have excelled in delivering consistently strong risk-adjusted performance relative to their peers.

The LSEG Lipper Fund Awards are based on the Lipper Leader for Consistent Return rating, which is a risk-adjusted performance measure calculated over 36, 60 and 120 months. The fund with the highest Lipper Leader for Consistent Return (Effective Return) value in each eligible category wins the LSEG Lipper Fund Award.

Victory Ultra Short-Term Bond Fund, R6 was selected from among 43 funds and 116 share classes in the Ultra-Short Obligations fund category over five years for the period ending November 30, 2023.

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